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CK-MB Fast Test Kit (Immunofluorescence Assay)

> IF1018 for Getein1100 IF5018 for Getein1160 IF3018 for Getein1180 IF2018 for Getein1600 IF4018 for Getein1200

User Manual

INTENDED USE

CK-MB Fast Test Kit (Immunofluorescence Assav) is intended for in vitro quantitative determination of CK-MB in human serum, plasma or whole blood samples. This test is used as an aid in the clinical diagnosis, prognosis and evaluation of myocardial injury such as Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI), Unstable Angina, Acute Myocarditis and Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS).

SUMMARY

Creatine kinases are dimer isozymes composed of two monomer subunits. CK-M (for skeletal muscle derived) and CK-B (for brain derived), which can form all three combinations of monomers: CK-BB, CK-MM, and CK-MB. BB is found primarily in the brain. Skeletal muscles primarily contain the MM isoform, with trace amount of MB (around 1-4% of total CK activity). Cardiac muscles also contain the MM isoform, but higher amount of MB, typically around 20% of total CK activity. CK-MB is a more sensitive marker of myocardial injury than total CK activity, because it has a lower basal level and a much narrower normal range. Medical literatures commonly state that CK-MB levels are elevated in 4 to 6 hours, peak at 10 to 24 hours, and return to normal within 3 to 4 days after an acute myocardial infarction. Classically, an increase of the myocardial-specific enzyme CK-MB is considered as the hallmark of acute myocardial infarction, and increased levels are frequently interpreted by the clinician as objective evidence of myocardial cell damage.

PRINCIPI F

Monoclonal antibody against human CK-MB were conjugated with fluorescence latex and another set of anti-human CK-MB monoclonal antibodies were coated on test line. After the sample has been applied to the test strip, the latex-labeled anti-human CK-MB monoclonal antibody will bind with the CK-MB in sample and form marked antigen-antibody complex. This complex move to the test card detection zone by capillary action. Then marked antigen-antibody complex will be captured on test line by another set of monoclonal antibody against human CK-MB resulting in purplish red streaks appear on the test line. The color intensity of test line increases in proportion to the amount of CK-MB in sample.

Insert test card into Getein1100/Getein1160/Getein1180 Immunofluorescence Quantitative Analyzer/automatically inserted by Getein1200/Getein1600 Immunofluorescence Quantitative Analyzer (hereafter referred to as Getein1100, Getein1160, Getein1180, Getein1200 and Getein1600), the concentrations of CK-MB in sample will be determined and displayed on the screen. The value will be stored in Getein1100/Getein1160/Getein1180/Getein1200/Getein16 00 and available for downloading. The result can be easily transmitted to LIS and HIS.

CONTENTS

- 1. A kit for Getein1100/Getein1160/Getein1180 contains: Package specifications: 25 tests/kit, 10 tests/kit
- 1) CK-MB test card in a sealed pouch with desiccant
- 2) Disposable pipet
- 3) User manual: 1 piece/kit
- 4) SD card: 1 piece/kit
- 5) Whole blood buffer: 1 bottle/kit
- 2. A kit for Getein1200/Getein1600 contains:

Package specifications: 2×24 tests/kit, 2×48 tests/kit

- 1) Sealed cartridge with 24/48 Getein CK-MB test cards
- 2) User manual: 1 piece/kit

Materials required for Getein1200/Getein1600:

- 1) Sample diluent: 1 bottle/kit
- 2) Box with pipette tips: 96 tips/kit
- Mixing plate: 1 piece/kit
- 3. Sample diluent/Whole blood buffer composition:

Phosphate buffered saline, proteins, detergent, preservative.

4. A test card consists of:

A plastic shell and a reagent strip which is composed of a sample pad, nitrocellulose membrane (one end of the membrane is coated with a fluorescence latex-labelled anti-human CK-MB monoclonal antibody, the test line is coated with another anti-human CK-MB monoclonal antibody and the control line is coated with rabbit anti-mouse IgG antibody), absorbent paper and liner.

Note: Do not mix or interchange different batches of kits.

APPLICABLE DEVICE

Getein1100 Immunofluorescence Quantitative Analyzer Getein1160 Immunofluorescence Quantitative Analyzer Getein1200 Immunofluorescence Quantitative Analyzer Getein1180 Immunofluorescence Quantitative Analyzer Getein1600 Immunofluorescence Quantitative Analyzer

STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store the test kit at 4~30°C with a valid period of 24 months.

Use the test card for Getein1100/Getein1160/Getein1180 within 1 hour once the foil pouch is opened.

For test card of Getein1200/Getein1600: if the cartridge is opened, it could be stable within 24 hours once exposed to air. If the test cards can't be used up at a time, please put the cartridge back to the foil pouch and reseal along the entire edge of zip-seal. The remaining test cards should be used up within 7 days.

PRECAUTIONS

- 1. For in vitro diagnostic use only.
- 2. Do not use the kit beyond the expiration date.
- Do not use the test card if the foil pouch is damaged.
- 4. Do not open pouches until ready to perform the test.
- 5. Do not reuse the test card.
- Do not reuse the pipet.
- 7. Handle all specimens as potentially infectious. Proper handling and disposal methods should be followed in accordance with local regulations.
 - 8. Carefully read and follow user manual to ensure

proper test performance.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

- 1. This test can be used for serum, plasma and whole blood samples. Heparin and sodium citrate can beused as the anticoagulant for plasma and whole blood. Samples should be free of hemolysis.
- 2. Suggest using serum or plasma for better results.
- 3. Serum or plasma can be used directly. For whole blood sample, one drop of whole blood buffer must be added before testing.
- stored up to 7 days at 2~8°C or stored at -20°C for 6 months before testing (whole blood sample may be stored up to 3 days at 2~8°C). 5. Refrigerated or frozen sample should reach room tempera-

4. If testing is delayed, serum and plasma samples may be

- ture and be homogeneous before testing. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
- 6. Do not use heat-inactivated samples.
- 7. SAMPLE VOLUME (for Getein1100/Getein1160/ Getein1180): 100 µL.

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Collect specimens according to user manual.
- 2. Test card, sample should be brought to room temperature before testing.

For Getein1100:

- 1. Confirm SD card lot No. in accordance with test kit lot No., Perform "SD card" calibration when necessary.
- 2. Remove the test card from the sealed pouch immediately before use. Label the test card with patient or control identification.
- 3. Put the test card on a clean table, horizontally placed.
- 4. Using sample transfer pipette, deliver 100 uL of sample into the sample well on the test card (for whole blood sample, one drop of whole blood buffer must be added after loading 100 uL sample on the test card).
- 5. Reaction time: 10 minutes. Insert the test card into Getein1100 and press "ENT" button or click on "Start" icon (for Android Getein 1100) after reaction time is elapsed. The result will be shown on the screen and printed automatically.

For Getein1160/Getein1180:

- 1. Confirm SD card lot No. in accordance with test kit lot
- No.. Perform "SD card" calibration when necessary. Enter testing interface of Getein1160/Getein1180.
- 3. Remove the test card from the sealed pouch immediately before use. Label the test card with patient or control identification.
- 4. Put the test card on a clean table, horizontally placed. 5. Using sample transfer pipette, deliver 100 µL of sample
- into the sample well on the test card (for whole blood sample, one drop of whole blood buffer must be added after loading 100 µL sample on the test card).
- 6.Insert the test card into Getein1160/Getein1180 immediately after sample loading. The analyzer will count down the reaction time (10 minutes) and automatically test the card after reaction time is elapsed. The result will be shown on the screen and printed automatically.

For Getein1200/Getein1600:

- 1.Each cartridge for Getein1200/Getein1600 contains a specific RFID card which can calibrate automatically.
- 2.Place the sample diluent at the correct position in Getein1200/Getein1600. 3. Place samples in the designed area of the sample
- holder, insert the holder and select the right test item, Getein1200/Getein1600 will do the testing and print the result automatically.

Notes:

- 1. It is required to perform "SD card" calibration when using a new batch of kits for Getein1100/Getein1160/ Getein1180.
- 2. It is suggested to calibrate once for one batch of kits for Getein1100/Getein1160/Getein1180.
- 3. Make sure the test card and the sample insertion is correct and complete.

TEST RESULTS

Getein1100/Getein1160/Getein1180/Getein1200/Getein1 600 can scan the test card automatically and display the result on the screen. For additional information, please refer to the user manual of Getein1100/Getein1160/ Getein1180/Getein1200/Getein1600

EXPECTED VALUE

The expected normal value for CK-MB was determined by testing samples from 500 apparently healthy individuals. The 99th percentile of the concentration for CK-MB is 5.00 ng/ml. CK-MB concentration less than 5.00 ng/ml can be estimated as normal. It is recommended that each laboratory establish its own

expected values for the population it serves.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Measuring Range	2.50~80.00 ng/ml
Lower Detection Limit	≤ 2.50 ng/ml
Within-Run Precision (n=10)	≤ 10%
Between-Run Precision	≤ 15%

LIMITATIONS

- 1. As with all diagnostic tests, a definitive clinical diagnosis should not be made based on the result of a single test. The test results should be interpreted considering all other test results and clinical information such as clinical signs and symptoms. 2. Interferents in samples may influence the results. The
- table below listed the maximum allowance of these potential interferents. Interferent Hemoglobin Triglyceride Bilirubin

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	Concentration (Max)	5 g/L	10 g/L	0.2 g/L

REFERENCES

- 1. Mauro Pantaghini; Undefined International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine (IFCC) Scientific Division Committee on Standardization of Markers of Cardiac Damage. Clin Chem Lab Med, 1998, 36:887~893.
- 2. Antman EM, Anbe DT, Armstrong PW, et al. ACC/AHA guidelines for the management of patients with ST-elevation myocardial infarction: a report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Practice Guidelines (Committee to Revise the 1999 Guidelines for the Manage 2004).

- devices Information supplied by the manufacturer (labeling) - Part 1: Terms, definitions and general requirements.
- 4.EN ISO 18113-2:2011 In vitro diagnostic medical devices - Information supplied by the manufacturer (labeling) - Part 2: In vitro diagnostic reagents for

DESCRIPTION OF SYMBOLS USED

professional use.

The following graphical symbols used in or found on CK-MB Fast Test Kit (Immunofluorescence Assay) are the most common ones appearing on medical devices and their packaging. They are explained in more detail in the European Standard EN ISO 15223-1:2021.

	Key to symbols used			
***	Manufacturer		Use-by date	
(2)	Do not re-use	\sim	Date of manufacture	
(i	Consult instructions for use or consult electronic instructions for use	LOT	Batch code	
1	Temperature limit	IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device	
$\overline{\Sigma}$	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>	EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community/ European Union	
CE	CE mark	®	Do not use if package is damaged and consult instructions for use	
REF	Catalogue number			

Thank you for purchasing CK-MB Fast Test Kit (Immunofluorescence Assay). Please read this user manual carefully before operating to

ensure proper use.

Version: WIF28-S-11



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