



One Step Test for $HCG+\beta$

(Colloidal Gold)

User Manual

REF CG1013 for FIA8000 CG3013 for FIA8600

INTENDED USE

One Step Test for $HCG+\beta$ (Colloidal Gold) is intended for *in vitro* quantitative determination of human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) in serum. This test is used as an aid in pregnancy test.

SUMMARY

Human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) is a glycoprotein hormone produced by the placenta, a component of the fertilized egg, after conception. The biologically active hormone (intact HCG) is composed of noncovalently linked α and β subunit. The alpha subunit is similar to hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), whereas beta subunit is unique to HCG and confers its biological and immunological specificity. During a normal pregnancy, HCG level can be detected soon after conception. It will double every 72 hours and reach its peak in the first 8-11 weeks of pregnancy. HCG measurement with blood or urine can be used as an aid in pregnancy test. Regular HCG has been known as a promoter of corpus luteal progesterone production, even though this function only explains 3 weeks of a full gestations production of regular HCG. HCG-positive indicates an implanted blastocyst and mammalian embryogenesis, Elevated values of HCG during pregnancy are indicative of chorionic carcinoma, hydatiform mole, or multiple pregnancy. HCG+β measurements can also be used in conjunction with other parameters during the second trimester of pregnancy to assess the risk of trisomy 21 (Down syndrome).

PRINCIPLE

The test based on the principle of sandwich immunoassay and competitive immunoassay together. The test uses two anti-human

β-HCG monoclonal antibodies and a β-HCG recombinant antigen. One monoclonal antibody is coated on the sample pad, the other monoclonal antibody and β-HCG recombinant antigen are coated on the detection zone. After the sample has been applied to the test strip, the gold-labelled anti-human β-HCG monoclonal antibody binds with the HCG and β-HCG in sample and forms an antigen-antibody complex. The complex moves to the test card detection zone by capillary action. In the dection zone, marked antigen-antibody complex will be captured on the test line by another set of monoclonal antibody against human β-HCG, meanwhile, HCG and β-HCG in the sample will compete with β-HCG recombinant antigen on nitrocellulose matrix for gold-labelled anti-human β-HCG monoclonal antibody.

Then insert test card into FIA8000/FIA8600 Quantitative Immunoassay Analyzer (hereinafter referred to as FIA8000 and FIA8600), the concentration of HCG and $\beta\text{-HCG}$ in sample will be measured and displayed on the screen. The value will be stored in FIA8000/FIA8600 and available for downloading. The result can be easily transmitted to the laboratory or hospital information system.

CONTENTS

1 A kit for FIA8000/FIA8600 contains:

Package specifications: 25 tests/kit, 10 tests/kit

- 1) Getein HCG+β test card in a sealed pouch with desiccant
- 2) Disposable pipet
- 3) User manual: 1 piece/kit
- 4) SD card: 1 piece/kit

2. A test card consists of:

A plastic shell and a reagent strip which is composed of a sample pad, nitrocellulose membrane (a gold-labelled antihuman $\beta\text{-HCG}$ monoclonal antibody is coated at the border of the nitrocellulose membrane and sample pad, the detection zone is coated with another anti-human $\beta\text{-HCG}$ monoclonal antibody and $\beta\text{-HCG}$ recombinant antigen, and the control zone is coated with rabbit anti-mouse IgG antibody), absorbent paper and liner.

Note: Do not mix or interchange different batches of kits.

APPLICABLE DEVICE

FIA8000 Quantitative Immunoassay Analyzer FIA8600 Quantitative Immunoassay Analyzer

STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store the test kit at 4~30°C with a valid period of 24 months. Use the test card within 1 hour once the foil pouch is opened.

PRECAUTIONS

- 1. For in vitro diagnostic use only.
- 2. Do not use the kit beyond the expiration date.
- 3. Do not use the test card if the foil pouch is damaged.
- 4. Do not open pouches until ready to perform the test.
- 5. Do not reuse the test card.
- 6 Do not reuse the pipet
- Handle all specimens as potentially infectious. Proper handling and disposal methods should be followed in accordance with local regulations.
- 8. Carefully read and follow user manual to ensure proper test performance.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

- This test can be used for serum and plasma. Heparin and sodium citrate should be used as the anticoagulant for plasma sample. Samples should be free of hemolysis.
- If testing is delayed, serum and plasma samples may be stored up to 5 days at 2~8°C or stored at -20°C for 6 months before testing.
- Refrigerated or frozen sample should reach room temperature and be homogeneous before testing. Avoid multiple freezethaw cycles.
- 4. Do not use heat-inactivated samples.
- 5. SAMPLE VOLUME: 100 µL.

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Collect specimens according to user manual.
- Test card, sample should be brought to room temperature before testing.
- Confirm SD card lot No. in according with test kit lot No.. Perform calibration when necessary (Details refer to FIA8000/ 8600 User Manual).
- On the main interface of FIA8000/FIA8600, press "ENT" button (FIA8000) or click on "Measure" icon (FIA8000/8600) to enter testing interface.
- Remove the test card from the sealed pouch immediately before use. Label the test card with patient or control identification

- 6. Put the test card on a clean table, horizontally placed.
- 7. Using sample transfer pipette, deliver 100 µL of sample into the sample well on the test card.
- 8 Reaction time: 10 minutes. Insert the test card into FIA8000. /FIA8600, press "ENT" button (FIA8000) or click on "Measure" icon (FIA8000/FIA8600) after reaction time is elapsed. The result will be shown on the screen and printed automatically.

Notes:

- 1. It is required to perform calibration when using a new batch of kits.
- 2. It is suggested to calibrate once for one batch of kits.
- 3. Make sure the test card insertion is correct and complete.

TEST RESULTS

Valid: When a purplish-red band appears at the control area (C), use FIA8000/FIA8600 to analyze the test card and get the result.

Invalid: If no colored band appears in the control area (C), the test result is invalid. The test should be repeated and if the same situation happened again, please stop using this batch of products and contact your supplier.

Others: Dilute the sample which concentration is higher than the upper limit with calf serum or negative samples, the dilution ratio should be less than 20 times

EXPECTED VALUE

The expected normal value for HCG was determined by testing samples from 315 healthy, non-pregnant individuals. The 97.5th percentile of the concentration for HCG is 5.1 mIU/ml. According to the literature. HCG results greater than or equal to 25.0 mIU/mL (IU/L) are considered positive. Representative HCG ranges during normal pregnancy are shown in the table below. Because other clinical reference citations may show different values, it is recommended that each laboratory establish its expected values for the population it serves.

Serum HCG Levels During Normal Pregnancy			
Gestational weeks	HCG (IU/L)		
0.2-1 week	5-50		
1-2 week	50-500		
2-3 week	100-5,000		
3-4 week	500-10,000		
4-5 week	1,000-50,000		
5-6 week	10,000-100,000		
6-8 week	15,000-200,000		

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

5.0~100000 0 mlU/ml Measuring Range Lower Detection Limit ≤ 5.0 mIU/mI Within-Run Precision <10% Between-Run Precision ≤15%

LIMITATIONS

- 1. As with all diagnostic tests, a definitive clinical diagnosis should not be made based on the result of a single test. The test results should be interpreted considering all other test results and clinical information such as clinical signs and symptoms.
- 2. Interferents in samples may influence the results. The table below listed the maximum allowance of these potential interferents

Interferent	Hemoglobin	Triglyceride	Bilirubin
Concentration (Max)	5 g/L	25 g/L	0.1 g/L
Interferent	RF	Human anti- mouse antibody	Biotin
Concentration (Max)	3000 IU/mL	120 g/L	80 ng/mL

REFERENCES

- 1. Tietz NW, Clinical Guide to Laboratory Tests, 3rd Ed, 1995. p. 134-136.
- 2. Hohnadel DC, Kaplan LA, Beta-hCG, Methods in clinical chemistry. Edited by Pesc, AJ and Kaplan LA. St. Louis, MO: The C.V. Mosby Company, 1987.
- 3. EN ISO 18113-1:2011 In vitro diagnostic medical devices -Information supplied by the manufacturer (labelling) - Part 1: Terms, definitions and general requirements.
- 4. EN ISO 18113-2:2011 In vitro diagnostic medical devices -Information supplied by the manufacturer (labelling) - Part 2: In vitro diagnostic reagents for professional use.

DESCRIPTION OF SYMBOLS USED

The following graphical symbols used in or found on One Step Test for HCG+β (Colloidal Gold) are the most common ones appearing on medical devices and their packaging. They are explained in more details in the European Standard EN ISO 15223-1:2021.

	Key to symbols used					
***	Manufacturer		Use-by date			
(2)	Do not re-use	W	Date of manufacture			
[]i	Consult instructions for use or consult electronic instructions for use	LOT	Batch code			
1	Temperature limit	IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device			
Σ	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>	EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community/ European Union			
CE	CE mark	®	Do not use if package is damaged and consult instructions for use			
REF	Catalogue number					

Thank you for purchasing One Step Test for HCG+B (Colloidal Gold). Please read this user manual carefully before operating to ensure proper use.

Version: WCG17-DL-S-10

Getein Biotech, Inc.

Add.: No.9 Bofu Road, Luhe District, Naniing, 211505.

China

Tel: +86-25-68568508 Fax: +86-25-68568500

E-mail: tech@getein.com.cn, overseas@getein.com.cn

Website: www.getein.com

EC REP CMC Medical Devices & Drugs S.L.

Add.: C/ Horacio Lengo Nº 18, CP 29006, Málaga,

Spain

Tel: +34951214054